



**Teaching and Examination Scheme:**

Teaching Scheme			Credits	Examination Marks				Total Marks
L	T	P		Theory		Practical		
			ESE (E)	PA(M)	ESE (V)	PA (I)		
-	-	15	15	-	-	100	100	200

L- Lectures; T- Tutorial/Teacher Guided Student Activity; P- Practical; C- Credit; ESE- End Semester Examination; PA- Progressive Assessment

**OJT Hands on Exercise/Training:**

Sr. No.	Training / Hands on Exercise	Hrs.
1	<p><b>Define the user experience design process and standards</b></p> <p>PC1. Implement core design principles throughout the user experience design process (relevant to current time)</p> <p>PC2. develop research methods that enable the collection of user requirements and user behavior patterns</p> <p>PC3. drive the empathy mapping process to understand users' needs, goals, expectations, behavior, habits</p> <p>PC4. develop frameworks for brainstorming, imagining and reflecting on possible solution outcomes</p> <p>PC5. drive the prototyping process by facilitating sketching, visualization and beta version development processes</p> <p>PC6. drive processes for user behavior research, user persona development, user journeys and user flows</p>	20
2	<p><b>Design and define style guide/ design system and specifications for developers</b></p> <p>PC1. define typography systems, i.e., titles, subtitles, headings (H1, H2, H3), body text and captions used in design</p> <p>PC2. provide specifications and examples for spacing, padding and placement of design elements</p> <p>PC3. address interface layouts across screen sizes define colour palette, specifications, combinations, and provide relevant examples</p> <p>PC5. specify the sizes, styles, colors, placement, spacing and typographic elements of various buttons to be used in the solution based on context</p> <p>PC6. provide guidelines for the different UI components that may be needed, including Iconography, Tooltips and popovers, Modals, Form elements, Data Tables, Navigation menus, Charts and data visualizations, Tabs, On-off switches, Dialogs, Content grid lists, Vertical lists, Toolbars, Date and time pickers, Loading indicators, Checkboxes, Alerts, Dropdown menus, Sliders, Steppers and Pagination etc.</p> <p>PC7. document the design rationale used in the design system</p>	20
3	<p><b>Understand the business goals and define use cases as per the user needs</b></p> <p>PC1. identify business problems/opportunities which can serve as prospective business cases</p> <p>PC2. evaluate organizational capability to deliver identified business cases</p>	20



	<p>PC3. effectively communicate the findings and recommendations of identified business cases to all relevant stakeholders within the organization</p> <p>PC4. gather stakeholder support to develop solutions for identified business cases</p> <p>PC5. develop new use cases for identified business cases</p> <p>PC6. help define business goals and technical specifications of the solution as per requirements</p> <p>PC7. establish relationships with key relevant stakeholders such as design teams, business managers, product managers, etc.</p> <p>PC8. drive processes for user behavior research, user persona development, user journeys and user flows</p>	
4	<p><b>Conduct a competitive analysis on strength and weakness of competitors Products</b></p> <p>PC1. gather and analyze intelligence about products, customers competitors and landscapes</p> <p>PC2. identify standard and emerging UI/UX trends, design principles and best practices</p> <p>PC3. stay up to date with latest industry trends</p> <p>PC4. track both leading and emerging solutions across the spectrum of solution providers</p> <p>PC5. evaluate solutions based on criteria such as tone, features, user reviews, wait/load times, customer service, overall design, etc.</p> <p>PC6. list overall strengths and weakness of various solutions</p>	20
5	<p><b>Create user personas to encapsulate and communicate user behavior patterns</b></p> <p>PC1. determine method(s) of research to collect user behavior data</p> <p>PC2. recruit diverse unbiased users to participate in research considering both demographic and psychographic factors</p> <p>PC3. gather user behavior data through questionnaires, online/offline/face-to-face interviews, group discussions, etc.</p> <p>PC4. evaluate user behavior data gathered in user interviews</p> <p>PC5. tag the most important insights and problems gathered from user interviews</p> <p>PC6. ensure that data shows the current state of the interviewees instead of their expectation of the future</p> <p>PC7. look for specific and repeatable metrics and patterns across users</p> <p>PC8. classify users into various possible groups based on identified metrics and patterns</p> <p>PC9. narrow search by minimizing and restricting the number of possible user groups</p> <p>PC10. for each user group, create a suitable identity who could represent the group</p> <p>PC11. create a name for the identity and choose an appropriate image to represent the person</p> <p>PC12. create a comprehensive persona for the person, including age, education, occupation, skills, attitude, likes, dislikes, habits, etc</p> <p>PC13. ensure that personas sufficiently reflect the data and conclusions of investigations</p> <p>PC14. evaluate scenarios in which the personas have a need to use the solution</p> <p>PC15. utilize personas to optimize function design throughout the entire development</p>	20
6	<p><b>Develop sitemap and information architecture for the solution planned for the customer</b></p>	10



	<p>PC1. create a list of information elements on all the pages of the solution</p> <p>PC2. include all information related to headings and subheadings, texts, media files (images, video, audio), documents (doc, pdf, ppt) and URL-links of the pages</p> <p>PC3. create a taxonomy to group all the different unstructured pieces of information and give them descriptions</p> <p>PC4. design navigation such that visitors are able to find what they need</p> <p>PC5. create a navigation system which consists of elements such as buttons, menus and tables of content</p> <p>PC6. determine which navigation style to use in the solution (e.g., hierarchical, global/sitewide, local, etc.)</p> <p>PC7. create appropriate labelling to attract user attention and give user proper understanding of what to expect from clicking on a link</p> <p>PC8. determine which site map pattern to use (such as single page model, flat structure, index pages pattern, strict hierarchy pattern, co-existing hierarchies' pattern, etc.)</p> <p>PC9. create sitemaps to illustrate the hierarchy of content and display navigation</p> <p>PC10. share information architecture and site maps with relevant stakeholders and developers</p>	
7	<p><b>Develop user experience maps, user journeys and user flows</b></p> <p>PC1. determine the scope of the user experience map</p> <p>PC2. ascertain the expectations that a user persona has about the interaction with the solution</p> <p>PC3. describe the stages that the user experiences while engaging with the solution</p> <p>PC4. clearly define how customers discover your solution, evaluate your services, pick you over competitors, purchase from you, and engage with you</p> <p>PC5. establish the touch points for the customer to interact with the solution</p> <p>PC6. sketch the journey in a format of step-by-step interaction</p> <p>PC7. evaluate user goals and the various user flows possible to achieve a particular user goal</p> <p>PC8. ensure that the flows effectively represent complexities such as multiple users, scenarios, touch points, mediums, etc.</p>	10
8	<p><b>Develop detailed wireframes to illustrate flow, interactions and interface elements</b></p> <p>PC1. develop wireframes to highlight flow, interactions, function, features, and basic design elements based on the form factor or screen size of the device</p> <p>PC2. ensure that wireframe transitions look clear and logical</p> <p>PC3. gather and analyze information about users on a regular basis</p> <p>PC4. evaluate the goals of the customer and what they wanted to achieve while using the solution</p> <p>PC5. identify the intention of the user during the various customer phases</p> <p>PC6. determine points of friction faced by the customer and evaluate the flow for better user experience</p> <p>PC7. develop and evaluate a wireframe prototype to evaluate user flow and interactions</p> <p>PC8. evaluate the overall experience and feedback of the customer</p> <p>PC9. continuously use the information from usability testing sessions and app analytics to refine user journey</p>	10



9	<p><b>Develop a visual design/screens for the proposed wireframe</b></p> <p>PC1. analyze the most common and important tasks customers must complete using the interface</p> <p>PC2. identify the various device groups for the product such as mobile devices, tablets, desktops, smart TVs, smartwatches, etc.</p> <p>PC3. identify the various modes of interaction that depend on the particular device group</p> <p>PC4. adapt user experience based on the various modes of interaction</p> <p>PC5. design for smallest screens by prioritizing most essential features and elements only</p> <p>PC6. ensure that big screens are not developed only by scaling up small screen designs</p> <p>PC7. pay attention to image quality as screens are scaled up</p> <p>PC8. provide consistent experience over various device groups</p> <p>PC9. provide seamless experience as users move across various device groups</p> <p>PC10. perform usability tests for solution with real users across various device groups</p> <p>PC11. uncover UX issues to resolve prior to release</p>	10
10	<p><b>Design the assets such as imagery, graphics and animations for the user interface</b></p> <p>PC1. drive the UI asset development process for imagery, graphics and animations for the user interface</p> <p>PC2. define final theme, specs, and guidelines required for implementation</p> <p>PC3. prepare and share design specifications to the development team</p> <p>PC4. engage with development teams to implement solutions</p>	10
11	<p><b>Conduct usability tests on the planned user experience designs at different stages</b></p> <p>PC1. develop limited functionality prototypes of the designs to test relevant design concepts</p> <p>PC2. finalize the list of features, functionalities and tasks to be tested</p> <p>PC3. develop appropriate KPIs/metrics to measure prototype performance</p> <p>PC4. recruit diverse unbiased users to participate in tests considering both demographic and psychographic factors</p> <p>PC5. finalize the format for the usability tests (e.g., laboratory usability testing, remote usability testing, etc.)</p> <p>PC6. ensure test environments are kept as realistic as possible</p> <p>PC7. shape network bandwidth and limit bandwidth according to test needs</p> <p>PC8. document test results using confidential test artefacts such as spreadsheets, surveys, audio recordings, screen recordings, participant recordings, etc.</p> <p>PC9. analyze test results, evaluate trends, note possible problems and identify potential solutions</p> <p>PC10. evaluate quantitative information such as time on tasks, success and failure rates, number of clicks, etc.</p> <p>PC11. evaluate qualitative information such as stress responses, subjective satisfaction, perceived effort or difficulty</p> <p>PC12. prepare a summary of what was tested, details of the testing team and the goal of the session with descriptions of all findings</p> <p>PC13. describe methodology used for the sessions including the tasks or scenarios that were tested, the KPIs/metrics selected and brief descriptions of user profiles and segments</p> <p>PC14. list all negative findings and provide potential solutions to solve them</p> <p>PC15. list all positive findings and ensure development is on the right track</p>	10



**GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY**

**Bachelor of Vocation (B.Voc)**

**Semester: III**

**Branch: Software Development**

**Subject Name: User Experience Designer**

**OJT Elective**

**Subject Code: 21130207**

12	<p><b>Develop your knowledge, skills and competence</b></p> <p>PC1.obtain advice and guidance from appropriate people to develop your knowledge, skills and competence</p> <p>PC2.identify accurately the knowledge and skills you need for your job role</p> <p>PC3.identify accurately your current level of knowledge, skills and competence and any learning and development needs</p> <p>PC4.agree with appropriate people a plan of learning and development activities to address your learning needs</p> <p>PC5.undertake learning and development activities in line with your plan</p> <p>PC6.apply your new knowledge and skills in the workplace, under supervision</p> <p>PC7.obtain feedback from appropriate people on your knowledge and skills and how effectively you apply them</p> <p>PC8.review your knowledge, skills and competence regularly and take appropriate action</p>	10
13	<p><b>Build and maintain relationships at the workplace</b></p> <p>PC1.build rapport with appropriate people at the workplace</p> <p>PC2.develop new professional relationships</p> <p>PC3.build alliances to establish mutually beneficial working arrangements</p> <p>PC4.foster an environment where others feel respected</p> <p>PC5.identify and engage a diverse range of influential contacts</p> <p>PC6.obtain guidance from appropriate people, where necessary</p> <p>PC7.attentively listen to ideas and give constructive feedback</p> <p>PC8.promptly resolve conflicts between team members</p> <p>PC9.work with colleagues to deliver shared goals</p> <p>PC10.recognize the contributions made by your colleagues</p>	10
14	<p><b>Convince others to take appropriate action in different situations</b></p> <p>PC1. gather needs of concerned people</p> <p>PC2. adapt arguments to consider diverse needs</p> <p>PC3. use small wins as milestones to gain support for ideas</p> <p>PC4. persuade with the help of concrete examples or evidences</p> <p>PC5. take defined steps to reach a consensus on the course of action</p>	10
15	<p><b>Manage and collaborate with stakeholders for project success</b></p> <p>PC1. identify the larger business and organizational context behind the requirements of the stakeholder</p> <p>PC2. manage fluctuating stakeholder priorities and expectations</p> <p>PC3. consult stakeholders early in critical organization-wide decisions</p> <p>PC4. use formal communication methods to collaborate with stakeholders (such as meetings, conference calls, emails etc.)</p> <p>PC5. keep stakeholders updated on changes in project requirements</p> <p>PC6. define the frequency of communication with all the stakeholders</p> <p>PC7. use suitable tools to represent numbers and pictures to present details</p> <p>PC8. respond to requests in a timely and accurate manner</p> <p>PC8. respond to requests in a timely and accurate manner</p> <p>PC9. take feedbacks from stakeholders regularly</p> <p>PC10. continuously improve work deliverables/service based on stakeholder feedback</p> <p>PC11. plan deliverables based on stakeholder needs</p>	10
	<b>Total</b>	<b>200</b>



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**Course Outcomes:**

<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>CO Statements</b>	<b>Marks Weightage %</b>
1	Understand the concepts of the User Experience Design process with different UI/UX / graphics designing software.	15
2	Apply Design and style guide/ design system and specifications for UI/UX / graphics design.	15
3	Apply the concepts of business goals as per user needs for designing.	15
4	Conduct the analysis on strength and weakness of products.	15
5	Identify the data and classification as per user behavior patterns.	10
6	Apply the concepts of sitemap, planning, flow, interface elements, visual design.	10
7	Apply and Design the assets such as imagery, graphics and animations.	10
8	Apply different test criteria, knowledge, skills, competence, maintain relationship, collaboration with the user.	10

**Reference:**

[https://nqr.gov.in/sites/default/files/ITITeS\\_Q8404\\_W%26M\\_User%20Experience%20Designer\\_MC\\_V2.pdf](https://nqr.gov.in/sites/default/files/ITITeS_Q8404_W%26M_User%20Experience%20Designer_MC_V2.pdf)