

## **GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY**

**Program Name: Bachelor of Engineering** 

Level: UG

Subject Code: BE03000091

**Subject Name: Database Management System** 

w. e. f. Academic Year:	A.Y. 2024-25
Semester:	3
Category of the Course:	Professional Core Course

Prerequisite:	Basic knowledge of Computer Programming.
Rationale:	The course will equip student with the knowledge and skills to design, implement, and manage database systems. It covers database design, modeling, and structures like relational, hierarchical, and network models. Students will learn data manipulation languages for querying and managing databases, along with key DBMS concepts such as security, integrity, concurrency, and storage strategies. Hands-on practice with SQL and PL/SQL ensures practical experience in database management.

#### **Course Outcome:**

After Completion of the Course, Student will able to:

No	Course Outcomes	RBT Lev el
1	Understand DBMS fundamentals, database architecture, relational models, and user roles.	R, U
2	Design databases using E-R diagrams, normalization, and relational schemas.	С
3	Apply SQL and PL/SQL for database queries, constraints, procedures, and triggers.	A
4	Use transaction management, concurrency control, and recovery techniques.	N
5	Demonstrate query optimization, indexing, hashing, and database security.	A

<sup>\*</sup>Revised Bloom's Taxonomy (RBT)

#### **Teaching and Examination Scheme:**

	_	-	ning Sche Semester		Total	Asse	essment	Pattern a	nd Marl	ks	Total		
				Credits				Theor	ry	Tutor	ial / Prac	ctical	
L	T	P	TW/SL	TH	TH/30	ESE (E)	PA (M)	<b>PA/ (I)</b>	TW/ SL (I)	ESE (V)	Marks		
45	0	30	45	120	04	70	30	20	30	50	200		

# CHARASTO CALIERA IN THE SERVICE OF SERVICE O

## **GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY**

**Program Name: Bachelor of Engineering** 

Level: UG

Subject Code: BE03000091

**Subject Name: Database Management System** 

#### **Course Content:**

Unit No.	Content	No. of Hours	% of Weightage
	Introductory concepts of DBMS		
1.	Purpose of database system, View of data, Database Languages,	3	10
	Relational Databases, Database Architecture, Database users, DBA	3	10
	Relational Model		
2.	Structure of relational databases, Database Schema, Keys, Schema	4	10
	Diagrams, Relational algebra operators, relational algebra queries.	7	10
	Introduction to SQL:		
	Overview of SQL Query Language, Basic structure of SQL Queries,		
3	DDL, DML, Additional Basic Operations, defining constraints –		
3	Primary key, foreign key, unique, not null, check, Set operations,	6	15
	Null values, Aggregate		
	functions, Built-in functions –numeric, date, string functions, nested		
	sub- queries, Modification of the Database, DCL and TCL.		
	Entity-Relationship Model:		
	Design process, E-R Model, constraints, Removing redundant		
4	attributes in Entity Sets, E-R diagrams, Reduction of E-R database	5	10
	schema to Relational schema, Design issues.		
	Relational Database Design:		
	Features of good relational designs, Dependency preservation,		
5.			15
٥.	Functional Dependency-definition, Trivial and Non-Trivial FD,	6	
	Closure of FD set, Closure of attributes, Irreducible set of FD,		
	Decomposition using FD,		
	Normalization – 1Nf, 2NF, 3NF,BCNF, Multivalued dependency,		
	4NF.		
	Transaction Management:		
	Transactions: Transaction concepts, transaction model, ACID		
6.	Properties of transactions: Serializability of transactions, testing for	6	10
	serializability, Concurrency Control: Lock based protocols, deadlock	U	10
	handling, Timestamp protocols, Recovery System: Types of		
	failure, Storage, Recovery and		
	atomicity, Recovery Algorithms.		
	Query Processing & Optimization:		
7.	Overview, measures of query cost, selection and join	4	10
, .	operation, evaluation of expressions. Transformation of relational	4	10
	expressions, estimating statistics of expression results, evaluation		
	plans, materialized views.		
	Database Security		
8.	Security – Security and Authentication, authorization in SQL, access	4	5
	control, DAC, MAC and RBAC models, Intrusion detection, SQL	•	5
	injection.		
	Indexing and Hashing		
Ω	Basic Concepts, Ordered Indices, B+-Tree Index Files, Multiple-Key	_	
9	Access, Static Hashing, Dynamic Hashing, Comparison of Ordered	1	10
	Indexing and Hashing, Bitmap Indices, Index Definition in SQL		
4.0	PL/SQL Concepts	_	
10	Cursors, Stored Procedures and Database Triggers	3	5
	,		

## Trchnorogica/

#### GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

**Program Name: Bachelor of Engineering** 

Level: UG

**Subject Code : BE03000091** 

**Subject Name: Database Management System** 

#### **Suggested Specification Table with Marks (Theory):**

Distribution of Theory Marks (in %)						
R Level U Level A Level N Level E Level C Level						
10	20	30	20		20	

Where R: Remember; U: Understanding; A: Application, N: Analyze and E: Evaluate C:

Create (as per Revised Bloom's Taxonomy)

#### **References/Suggested Learning Resources:**

#### (a) Books:

- 1. "Database System Concepts", 6th Edition by Abraham Silberschatz, Henry F. Korth, S. Sudarshan, McGraw-Hill.
- "Fundamentals of Database Systems", 7th Edition by R. Elmasri and S. Navathe, Pearson
   "An introduction to Database Systems", C J Date, Pearson.
- 4. "Modern Database Management", Hoffer, Ramesh, Topi, Pearson.
- 5. "Principles of Database and Knowledge Base Systems", Vol 1 by J. D. Ullman, Computer Science Press.
- 6. "SQL-PL/SQL", Ivan bayross

#### (b) Open source software and website:

- 7. NPTEL Course: **Introduction to Database Systems** by Prof. Sreenivasa Kumar- IIT Madras
- 8. NPTEL Course: Data Base Management System by y Prof. Partha Pratim Das, Prof. Samiran Chattopadhyay- IIT Kharagpur

#### **Suggested Course Practical List: (List can be change according to Latest Development)**

Sr	Aim		
1	Design and implement sample schema and insert data in tables.		
2	Implement Data Definition Language (DDL) and Data Manipulation Language (DML) commands.		
3	Implement Data Constraints: Add primary key, foreign key, unique key, and check constraints, define and remove integrity constraints using the ALTER TABLE command.		
4	Execute value-matching and pattern-matching conditions on any sample schema to retrieve specific data based on given requirements.		
5	Perform oracle functions: aggregate, numeric, string, conversion, date conversion, date functions and set operations functions, to manipulate and retrieve data effectively.		
6	Study of group by and having clauses.		
7	Solve queries using the concept of sub query.		
8	Displaying data from Multiple Tables using join operations.		
9	Study & Implementation of Database Backup & Recovery commands.		
	Study & Implementation of Rollback, Commit, Savepoint		
10	Study & Implementation of PL/SQL using Cursor and Trigeers.		
11	Design and implement sample schema and insert data in tables.		



## **GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY**

**Program Name: Bachelor of Engineering** 

Level: UG

Subject Code: BE03000091

**Subject Name: Database Management System** 

12 Implement Data Definition Language (DDL) and Data Manipulation Language (DML) commands.

## • Activities suggested under self-learning:

Sl. No.	Name of the activity	No. of hours	Evaluation Criteria
1	Assignment writing. Numerical based assignment is preferable.	5 assignments of 3h each. Total = 15h	Based on the assignment submitted.
2	Problem solving/Coding using C, C++, Python, SCILAB, MATLAB, MS-EXCEL or any other relevant software	5 small coding-based problems of 3h each. Total = 15h	Based on the coding solution submitted.
3	Technical Video based learning related to the subject	Duration of video = 5h Report preparation & Presentation = 10h Total = 15h	Report /presentation based on the video learning outcomes.
4	Discussion on research paper based on relevant subject	3 research paper = 15h	Summarize research paper and evaluation critical parameters
5	Poster/chart/power point preparation on technical topics	Duration = 10 h	Based on poster/chart preparation and presentation skills
6	Application/Software development	Duration = 15 h	Depending on the complexity of the Application/Software
7	Group Discussion on emerging/trending technical topics based on subject	Duration = 1 h each	Based on performance in group discussion, technical depth, knowledge etc.
8	Seminar / Presentation	Duration for study and preparation=5h Report writing=3h Presentation=2h Total=10h	Topic can be selected technical content beyond syllabus
9	Real world case studies-based learning	Duration of data collection/study = 5h Report preparation = 10h Total = 15h	Based on in-depth study, technical depth, data collected, fact finding, etc.
10	Working/non-working model on technical topics	Working = 12 h Non- working = 8 h	Based on inter department/external evaluation
11	Self-learning on-line course	Minimum duration of the course should be 15h.	Examination based assessment at the end of course. Based on the certificate produced.
12	Complex problem solving	Maximum 3 problem. Study of	Based on the depth of the solution submitted.



#### GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

**Program Name: Bachelor of Engineering** 

Level: UG

Subject Code: BE03000091

Subject Name: Database Management System

		the problem and solution finding,	
		Total = 15h	
13	Industry/Research laboratory visit	Visit = 5h, Report	Based on report submitted.
		preparation = 5h	Report should contain
		Total = 10h	observations and calculations
			based on industry/ lab data.
14	Videos on Industrial safety aspects	Duration of video =	Based on quiz/report
	based on subject	5h	submitted
	· ·	Report preparation =	
		5h	
		Total = 10h	
15	Industrial exposure for 2-3 days to	Duration = $15 \text{ h}$ for	Based on evaluation of critical
	observe and provide tentative	industrial exposure	problems and solutions
	solutions on society/environment	_	
	/health/any other issue	Problem	
		identification and	
		tentative solution =	
		10 h	
		Total = 20 h	

#### Note:

- All the suggested activity should be related to the subject.
- Min 3 activities must be carried out as per the availability of faculties and students.
- The number of hours is suggestive. Faculty can sub-divide the number of hours based on the activity. However, total number of hours is fixed.
- Rubrics for the evaluation can be prepared by the faculty.
- All records pertaining to the evaluation and assessment of self-learning activities must be properly maintained and preserved at the institute level. These records should be made available to the university upon request.
- Institutes are encouraged to utilize digital platforms, such as Microsoft Teams, for effective record-keeping and to ensure transparency in the evaluation and assessment of self-learning activities.

\* \* \* \* \* \* \*